

Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Guide Notes

The three types of open sentences that can involve absolute value:

$|x| = n$

$|x| < n$

$|x| > n$

A. ABSOLUTE VALUE EQUATIONS: $|x| = n$

When solving equations involving absolute value, we need to consider these cases

- a. The value inside the absolute value symbols is **positive**.

$x = n$

- b. The value inside the absolute value symbols is **negative**.

$x = -n$

If $|x| = n$, then $x = n$ or $x = -n$.

Sample Problem 1: Solve each equation and graph the solution set.

1. $|x - 5| = 3$

$x = 8 \text{ or } x = 2$



$x - 5 = 3$

$x - 5 + 5 = 3 + 5$

$x = 8$

$x - 5 = -3$

$x - 5 + 5 = -3 + 5$

$x = 2$

Check:

$x = 8$

$|8 - 5| = 3$

$|3| = 3$

$3 = 3$

$x = 6$

$|6 - 5| = 3$

$|1| = 3$

$1 \neq 3$

$x = 2$

$|2 - 5| = 3$

$|-3| = 3$

$3 = 3$

Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Guide Notes

2. $|3x + 4| = 17$

$$x = \frac{13}{3} \text{ or } x = -7$$



$$3x + 4 = 17$$

$$3x + 4 - 4 = 17 - 4$$

$$3x = 13$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$3x + 4 = -17$$

$$3x + 4 - 4 = -17 - 4$$

$$3x = -21$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-21}{3}$$

$$x = -7$$

Check:

$$x = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$\left| 3\left(\frac{13}{3}\right) + 4 \right| = 17$$

$$|13 + 4| = 17$$

$$|17| = 17$$

$$17 = 17$$

$$x = -2$$

$$|3(-2) + 4| = 17$$

$$|-6 + 4| = 17$$

$$|-2| = 17$$

$$2 \neq 17$$

$$x = -7$$

$$|3(-7) + 4| = 17$$

$$|-21 + 4| = 17$$

$$|-17| = 17$$

$$17 = 17$$

3. $|2x - 5| - 9 = 6$

$$x = 10 \text{ or } x = -5$$



$$|2x - 5| - 9 + 9 = 6 + 9$$

$$|2x - 5| = 15$$

$$|2x - 5| = 15$$

$$2x - 5 = 15$$

$$2x - 5 + 5 = 15 + 5$$

$$2x = 20$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$$

$$x = 10$$

$$|2x - 5| = -15$$

$$2x - 5 = -15$$

$$2x - 5 + 5 = -15 + 5$$

$$2x = -10$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-10}{2}$$

$$x = -5$$

Check:

$$x = 10$$

$$|2(10) - 5| - 9 = 6$$

$$|20 - 5| - 9 = 6$$

$$|15| - 9 = 6$$

$$15 - 9 = 6$$

$$6 = 6$$

$$x = 2$$

$$|2(2) - 5| - 9 = 6$$

$$|4 - 5| - 9 = 6$$

$$|-1| - 9 = 6$$

$$1 - 9 = 6$$

$$-8 \neq 6$$

$$x = -5$$

$$|2(-5) - 5| - 9 = 6$$

$$|-10 - 5| - 9 = 6$$

$$|-15| - 9 = 6$$

$$15 - 9 = 6$$

$$6 = 6$$

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B. ABSOLUTE VALUE INEQUALITIES: $|x| < n$

When solving inequalities of the form $|x| < n$, we need to find the **Intersection** of these cases:

- a. The value inside the absolute value symbols is **less than the positive value of n** .

$$x < n$$

- b. The value inside the absolute value symbols is **greater than the negative value of n** .

$$x > -n$$

If $|x| < n$, then $x < n$ and $x > -n$.

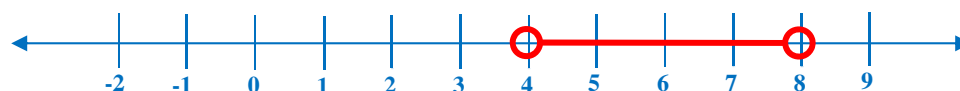
It also applies for $|x| \leq n$:

If $|x| \leq n$, then $x \leq n$ and $x \geq -n$.

Sample Problem 2: Solve each inequality and graph the solution set.

1. $|x - 6| < 2$

$$4 < x < 8$$



$$x - 6 < 2$$

$$x - 6 + 6 < 2 + 6$$

$$x < 8$$

$$x - 6 > -2$$

$$x - 6 + 6 > -2 + 6$$

$$x > 4$$

Check: $x < 8$

$$x = 7$$

$$|7 - 6| < 2$$

$$|1| < 2$$

$$1 < 2$$

$$x = 8$$

$$|8 - 6| < 2$$

$$|2| < 2$$

$$2 \nless 2$$

$$x = 9$$

$$|9 - 6| < 2$$

$$|3| < 2$$

$$3 \nless 2$$

$$x > 4$$

$$x = 3$$

$$|3 - 6| < 2$$

$$|-3| < 2$$

$$3 \nless 2$$

$$x = 4$$

$$|4 - 6| < 2$$

$$|-4| < 2$$

$$2 \nless 2$$

$$x = 5$$

$$|5 - 6| < 2$$

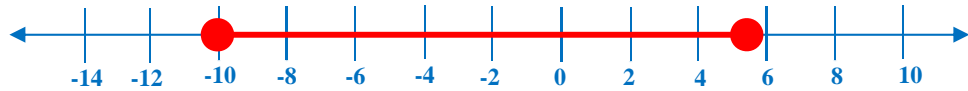
$$|-1| < 2$$

$$1 < 2$$

Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Guide Notes

2. $|3x + 7| \leq 23$

$$-10 \leq x \leq \frac{16}{3}$$



$$3x + 7 \leq 23$$

$$3x + 7 - 7 \leq 23 - 7$$

$$3x \leq 16$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} \leq \frac{16}{3}$$

$$x \leq \frac{16}{3} \quad \text{or} \quad x \leq 5\frac{1}{3}$$

$$3x + 7 \geq -23$$

$$3x + 7 - 7 \geq -23 - 7$$

$$3x \geq -30$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} \geq \frac{-30}{3}$$

$$x \geq -10$$

Check:

$$x \leq \frac{16}{3} \quad \text{or} \quad x \leq 5\frac{1}{3}$$

$$x = 5$$

$$|3(5) + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|15 + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|22| \leq 23$$

$$22 \leq 23$$

$$x = \frac{16}{3}$$

$$\left| 3\left(\frac{16}{3}\right) + 7 \right| \leq 23$$

$$|16 + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|23| \leq 23$$

$$23 \leq 23$$

$$x = 6$$

$$|3(6) + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|18 + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|25| \leq 23$$

$$25 \not\leq 23$$

$$x \geq -10$$

$$x = -11$$

$$|3(-11) + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|-33 + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|-26| \leq 23$$

$$26 \not\leq 23$$

$$x = -10$$

$$|3(-10) + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|-30 + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|-23| \leq 23$$

$$23 \leq 23$$

$$x = -9$$

$$|3(-9) + 7| \leq 23$$

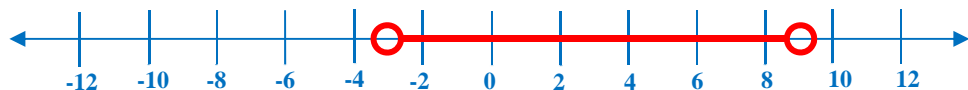
$$|-27 + 7| \leq 23$$

$$|-20| \leq 23$$

$$20 \leq 23$$

3. $|3x - 9| - 4 < 14$

$$-3 < x < 9$$



$$|3x - 9| - 4 + 4 < 14 + 4$$

$$|3x - 9| < 18$$

$$3x - 9 < 18$$

$$3x - 9 + 9 < 18 + 9$$

$$3x < 27$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} < \frac{27}{3}$$

$$x < 9$$

$$3x - 9 > -18$$

$$3x - 9 + 9 > -18 + 9$$

$$3x > -9$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} > \frac{-9}{3}$$

$$x > -3$$

Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Guide NotesCheck: $x < 9$

$x = 8$

$|3(8) - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|24 - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|15| - 4 < 14$

$15 - 4 < 14$

$11 < 14$

$x = 9$

$|3(9) - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|27 - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|18| - 4 < 14$

$18 - 4 < 14$

$14 < 14$

$x = 10$

$|3(10) - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|30 - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|21| - 4 < 14$

$15 - 4 < 14$

$17 < 14$

$x > -3$

$x = -4$

$|3(-4) - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|-12 - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|-21| - 4 < 14$

$21 - 4 < 14$

$17 < 14$

$x = -3$

$|3(-3) - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|-9 - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|-18| - 4 < 14$

$18 - 4 < 14$

$14 < 14$

$x = -2$

$|3(-2) - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|-6 - 9| - 4 < 14$

$|-15| - 4 < 14$

$15 - 4 < 14$

$11 < 14$

C. **ABSOLUTE VALUE INEQUALITIES:** $|x| > n$ When solving inequalities of the form $|x| > n$, we need to find the union of these cases:

- a. The value inside the absolute value symbols is
- GREATER THAN THE POSITIVE VALUE OF n**
- .

$x > n$

- b. The value inside the absolute value symbols is
- LESS THAN THE NEGATIVE VALUE OF n**
- .

$x < -n$

If $|x| > n$, then $x > n$ or $x < -n$.It also applies for $|x| \geq n$:If $|x| \geq n$, then $x \geq n$ or $x \leq -n$.

Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Guide Notes

Sample Problem 3: Solve each equation and graph the solution set.

1. $|x + 3| \geq 11$



$$\begin{aligned} x + 3 &\geq 11 \\ x + 3 - 3 &\geq 11 - 3 \\ x &\geq 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3 &\leq -11 \\ x + 3 - 3 &\leq -11 - 3 \\ x &\leq -14 \end{aligned}$$

Check: $x \geq 8$

$x = 7$	$x = 8$	$x = 9$
$ 7 + 3 \geq 11$	$ 8 + 3 \geq 11$	$ 9 + 3 \geq 11$
$ 10 \geq 11$	$ 11 \geq 11$	$ 12 \geq 11$
$10 \not\geq 11$	$11 \geq 11$	$12 \geq 11$

$x = -13$	$x = -14$	$x = -15$
$ -13 + 3 \geq 11$	$ -14 + 3 \geq 11$	$ -15 + 3 \geq 11$
$ -10 \geq 11$	$ -11 \geq 11$	$ -12 \geq 11$
$10 \not\geq 11$	$11 \geq 11$	$12 \geq 11$

2. $|2x - 5| > 21$



$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 5 &> 21 \\ 2x - 5 + 5 &> 21 + 5 \\ 2x &> 26 \\ \frac{2x}{2} &> \frac{26}{2} \\ x &> 13 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 5 &< -21 \\ 2x - 5 + 5 &< -21 + 5 \\ 2x &< -16 \\ \frac{2x}{2} &< \frac{-16}{2} \\ x &< -8 \end{aligned}$$

Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Guide Notes

Check: $x > 13$

$x = 12$	$x = 13$	$x = 14$
$ 2(\mathbf{12}) - 5 > 21$	$ 2(\mathbf{13}) - 5 > 21$	$ 2(\mathbf{14}) - 5 > 21$
$ 24 - 5 > 21$	$ 26 - 5 > 21$	$ 28 - 5 > 21$
$ 19 > 21$	$ 21 > 21$	$ 23 > 21$
$\mathbf{19 \nless 21}$	$\mathbf{21 \nless 21}$	$\mathbf{23 > 21}$

$x < -8$

$x = -7$	$x = -8$	$x = -9$
$ 2(\mathbf{-7}) - 5 > 21$	$ 2(\mathbf{-8}) - 5 > 21$	$ 2(\mathbf{-9}) - 5 > 21$
$ -14 - 5 > 21$	$ -16 - 5 > 21$	$ -18 - 5 > 21$
$ -19 > 21$	$ -21 > 21$	$ -23 > 21$
$\mathbf{19 \nless 21}$	$\mathbf{21 \nless 21}$	$\mathbf{23 > 21}$

3. $|2x + 7| - 6 \geq 15$



$$|2x + 7| - 6 + 6 \geq 15 + 6$$

$$\mathbf{|2x + 7| \geq 21}$$

$$2x + 7 \geq 21$$

$$2x + 7 - 7 \geq 21 - 7$$

$$2x \geq 14$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} \geq \frac{14}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{x \geq 7}$$

$$2x + 7 \leq -21$$

$$2x + 7 - 7 \leq -21 - 7$$

$$2x \leq -28$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} \leq \frac{-28}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{x \leq -14}$$

Check: $x \geq 7$

$x = 6$	$x = 7$	$x = 8$
$ 2(\mathbf{6}) + 7 - 6 \geq 15$	$ 2(\mathbf{7}) + 7 - 6 \geq 15$	$ 2(\mathbf{8}) + 7 - 6 \geq 15$
$ 12 + 7 - 6 \geq 15$	$ 14 + 7 - 6 \geq 15$	$ 16 + 7 - 6 \geq 15$
$ 19 - 6 \geq 15$	$ 21 - 6 \geq 15$	$ 23 - 6 \geq 15$
$19 - 6 \geq 15$	$21 - 6 \geq 15$	$23 - 6 \geq 15$
$\mathbf{13 \nless 15}$	$\mathbf{15 \geq 15}$	$\mathbf{17 \geq 15}$

Absolute Value Equations and Inequalities Guide Notes

$x \leq -14$

$x = -13$

$|2(-13) + 7| - 6 \geq 15$

$|-26 + 7| - 6 \geq 15$

$|-19| - 6 \geq 15$

$19 - 6 \geq 15$

$13 \nlessgtr 15$

$x = -14$

$|2(-14) + 7| - 6 \geq 15$

$|-28 + 7| - 6 \geq 15$

$|-21| - 6 \geq 15$

$21 - 6 \geq 15$

$15 \geq 15$

$x = -15$

$|2(-15) + 7| - 6 \geq 15$

$|-30 + 7| - 6 \geq 15$

$|-23| - 6 \geq 15$

$23 - 6 \geq 15$

$17 \geq 15$

Sample Problem 4: The starting players of the school's varsity basketball team have an average scoring point between 9 and 20. Write an absolute value inequality describing the average scoring point of the starting players.

Step 1 Write the inequality.

$9 < x < 20$

Step 2 Determine the midpoint.

$$\frac{9 + 20}{2} = \frac{29}{2} = 14.5$$

Step 3 Determine the distance from the midpoint.

$|20 - 14.5| < 5.5$

$|9 - 14.5| < 5.5$

Step 4 Write the absolute value inequality. Make sure that the inequality symbol is correct.

$|x - \text{midpoint}| < \text{distance from the midpoint}$

$|x - 14.5| < 5.5$